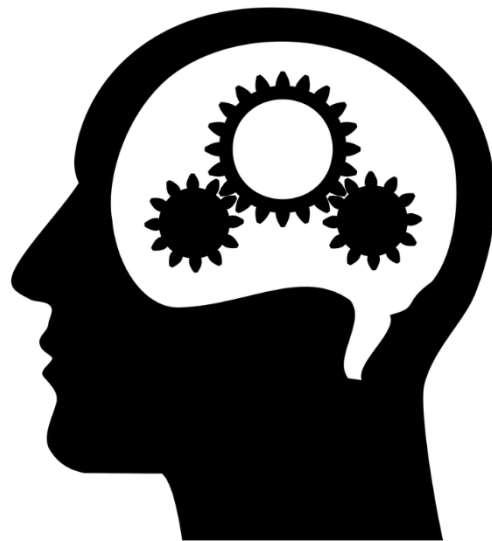


Growth Mindset #5

ESCAPE ROOM



Students complete a secret mission to decode interesting facts about famous people and their Growth Mindset.

YOU MIGHT ALSO LIKE:

Back to School Activity Bundle

Brain Tease
Never resting, run
Slightly moving from
I do not walk, run
But all in cool when
What am I?

Back to School About Me Doodle Stations

Station 2
Tell us about your pet...

A fun, creative, colorful, collaborative "All About Me" icebreaker activity!

Back to School ESCAPE ROOM

Rule #1

Growth Mindset Bundle

Throw DNESS around like CONFETTI

Team Building AND Growth Mindset ESCAPE ROOMS BUNDLE

Escape Room

Growth Mindset Color by Number POP ART

POP ART

Growth Mindset Scavenger Hunt

Team Building ESCAPE ROOM

Students work together and compete to solve the most brain teasers and puzzles before time runs out.

Back to School Color by Number Would You Rather?

Would You Rather?

Growth Mindset Coloring Pages

Nothing worth doing will be easy

Growth Mindset #6 Escape Room

Now with formative questions!

Follow Me!

Think Tank

Growth Mindset #5 Escape Room

The Growth Mindset Escape Room will take students on a secret mission around the classroom! This escape room has students decode inspirational quotes from famous figures about Growth Mindset. Students will learn facts and quotes about Rosa Parks, Theodore Roosevelt, William Shakespeare and Oprah Winfrey. Your students will be inspired to do their best. The Growth Mindset Escape Room has students walking around the classroom breaking codes. The codes include ciphers, Morse code, cryptograms and a final 4 digit code based on the decoders/clues.

Each clue and code is different. The codes require students to think differently to decipher or decode them. Some codes are easier than others. Some codes require critical thinking to determine what a letter/symbol stands for. Each code will reveal interesting facts about famous people and their Growth Mindset. The use of secret code will keep your students engaged while competing to find the final code. Students can report the final code to you. If you wanted to, you could purchase a 4 digit lock that you program, but it is not necessary at all! No props needed!! This is a NO PREP, PRINT & GO Activity!

Students practice hands-on, practical problem solving skills all while learning about Growth Mindset. Your students will be inspired to think outside the box! Spy themed music is highly recommended!

The best age range for this resource is 8+. Please look at the preview to determine if this resource works for your age group. Younger students may need some help with some of the more difficult codes.

You can use the pre-labeled clues or you can challenge older kids to choose/find the decoder that works for each of the clues. A set of labeled and non-labeled decoders are included for differentiation. A "How to Decode" puzzles is also included.

Once your students try one of my escape rooms, they will beg for more! In addition to learning or reinforcing the subject matter, my escape rooms encourage teamwork and critical thinking. As a "timed" challenge, students will be engaged from beginning to end.

This escape room includes 12 fun, colorful signs to take class pictures with at the end of the mission. Signs include "Puzzle Master", "She did all the work", "Genius", "We did it", "I Escaped" and more! Hang the pictures in your room, send them in a parent newsletter or share them on social media 😊

An answer key and easy to follow teacher directions are provided.

Time needed: 30-60 minutes

New Feature: I have included a 6 question formative to complete as proof of understanding. Each "clue" also has one question to answer to ensure comprehension for a total of 10 questions. Many times students rush to solve the puzzles without reading or comprehending what they read.

The questions need to be answered correctly before they can win!

Teacher Directions

1. Print a 3 page packet for each student (pages 6-10).
2. Print the four “decoders” and hang them around the room. Leave enough room for students to gather around the decoder. Print in color and laminate if possible. You may choose to print the labeled decoders (pages 21-24) for your younger students or the non-labeled (pages 11-14) decoders to challenge older students. If you choose to work in groups, print out a set of decoders for each group. The labeled (numbered) decoders specifically tell students which decoder to use for each of the four clues.
3. Tell students they have ___ minutes to solve the case, decode the clues, answer the questions and figure out the final 4 digit code. (Use your judgment on time, 30-60 minutes is best.)
4. You can choose to let them work alone or together as a partner/group activity. I love to have the students work together with a partner to promote collaboration.
5. The only advice I give my students is... “Complete the decoders in any order. If too many students are gathered around Decoder #2, go to the next decoder or clue. If you get stuck, move on and come back to it. Give yourself time to process the puzzle. You may not understand it at first and that is OK, these puzzles are meant to challenge you!”
6. That’s it! Sit back and relax while students learn about Growth Mindset in a fun, active, engaging activity! Students can complete the decoders/clues in ANY order.
7. You may choose to reward the top teams that bring you the final code and correct answers, if you would like. A competition always makes for more engagement. Students will not be able to figure out the final code without first decoding all the clues!
8. If students do not finish, no worries...they still had fun and learned about Growth Mindset!
9. Hold up the “I survived” signs and take a class photo for fun to display in the room, in a parent newsletter, social media (with permission, of course) etc. 😊
10. If time permits, go over the answers to the formative questions.

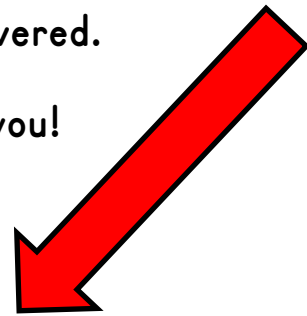
The Case:

Amy Stillwell is supposed to give a five minute presentation in her Social Studies class about people who have inspired her. She spent two weeks researching and perfecting her project. She created a 3-D poster with pictures and quotes from some of her favorite people. She locked the poster in her locker at school when she got off the bus. About an hour before Social Studies class, she stopped by her locker to get her poster out. There's just one problem, the lock combination is not working! Without the poster, her teacher will likely give her a bad grade. She knows she has to remain calm and everything will work out. Amy needs your help opening her locker. Will you help her?

Your mission:

- Visit each decoder and decipher interesting facts about Growth Mindset. It does NOT matter which order you decode the puzzles.
- You may NOT turn in the 4 digit code unless all clues have been decoded AND all questions have been answered.
- Good luck, Amy is counting on you!

4 Digit Code	
First number of code: The number of plays Shakespeare wrote MINUS 30.	_____
Second number of code: The number of days the Montgomery Bus Boycott lasted MINUS 380.	_____
Third number of code: What number is represented by "....."?	_____
Last number of code: What number is the letter "O" in clue #1?	_____
1. How many children did Shakespeare have? A. None B. One C. Two D. Three	4. Who did Roosevelt replace as president? A. William McKinley B. Grover Cleveland C. John F. Kennedy D. John Quincy Adams
2. Who gave Oprah the title of "Most Influential Woman"? A. Time Magazine B. Life Magazine C. Forbes Magazine D. Reader's Digest	5. Where did the bus boycott take place? A. New York, New York B. Nashville, Tennessee C. Montgomery, Alabama D. Atlanta, Georgia
3. How old was Rosa when she first left school? A. 13 B. 14 C. 15 D. 16	6. In what year was Oprah asked to host her own morning show? A. 1982 B. 1983 C. 1984 D. 1985



Clue # 1

“The greatest discovery of all time is that a person can change his future by merely changing his attitude.”

Oprah Winfrey was born on January 29, 1954 in Kosciusko, Mississippi. Oprah is best known for being a TV host, producer, actress and entrepreneur.

She did not always have an easy life. She was often shuffled around between her mother and grandmother’s house leaving her to feel unwanted. She lived a life in poverty and suffered from abuse. At fourteen, she moved to Tennessee where her father helped her focus on school. Although her father was very strict, he provided her with guidance and structure. Oprah had determination and continued to move forward.

At the young age of twenty two, Oprah was hired by a Maryland news station but things didn’t go well. She was fired because she was “unfit for television.” In 1985, a Chicago TV station asked her to host her own morning show which brought her nationwide success.

Forbes magazine ranked Oprah as one of the “Richest African Americans of the 20th century.” She is also one of the only Black billionaires in the world. She was given the title of “Most Influential Woman” by Life Magazine. Oprah has helped to raise over \$50 million for charity. She focused a lot of her efforts on girls' education in South Africa.

Question

- Oprah grew up in poverty. What does poverty mean?
- A. A state of wealth that provides for the family
 - B. Not enough money for basic needs like food and water
 - C. Determination to excel in education and attend college
 - D. Donations to a charity to help young girls

Question

12 9 16 4 24 25 11 9 8 14 15 22 25 16 20 26 9 4 8

11 14 25 16 13 22 4 25 12 8 16 15 12 20 22 14 1 16

26 16 11 26 4 15 26

Clue # 2

“Nothing worth having was ever achieved without effort.”

Theodore Roosevelt was born on October 27, 1858 in New York, New York. He is best known for being the 26th U.S. President, a writer and a soldier.

Teddy Roosevelt was born into a wealthy family and was educated by private tutors. As a child, he suffered from asthma and eyesight problems which continued into adulthood. Doctors also discovered that he had a weak heart as a young boy.

In 1884, both his mother and his wife died on the same day. He was devastated and moved to the countryside for a few years. He battled depression but overcame his struggles. In 1886, he campaigned to be the mayor of New York City but he was easily defeated. Roosevelt was determined to continue on with his career path and the election loss led him to work even harder.

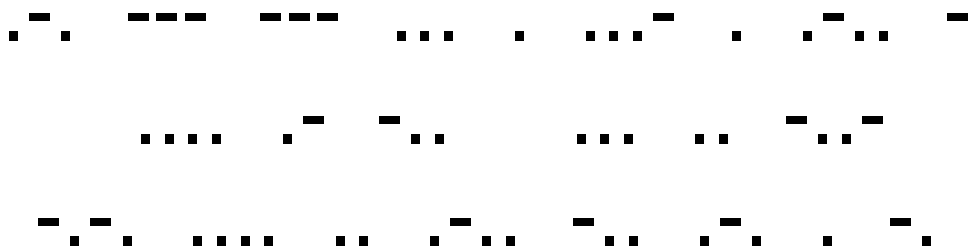
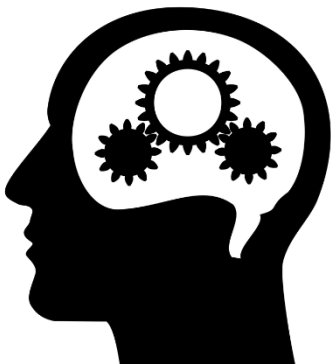
In 1901, at age 42, Teddy Roosevelt became president after President William McKinley was assassinated. As president he negotiated the construction of the Panama Canal. He loved the outdoors and was passionate about protecting nature. In 1906, he signed the National Monuments Act which protected the Grand Canyon, wildlife and national forests. As a tribute, his face was carved into Mount Rushmore.

Question

What led Roosevelt to move to the countryside?

- A. He could not afford to live in the city
- B. He lost the presidential election
- C. The death of his child
- D. The death of his wife and mother

Question



Clue # 3

“We know what we are but know not what we may be.”

William Shakespeare was born in England in 1564. He is best known for his work as a writer, playwright, poet and actor. His most popular plays are Romeo and Juliet, Hamlet and Macbeth.

William had three younger brothers and two older sisters. When he was eighteen, William married Anne Hathaway. Sadly, one of his three children passed away at age eleven.

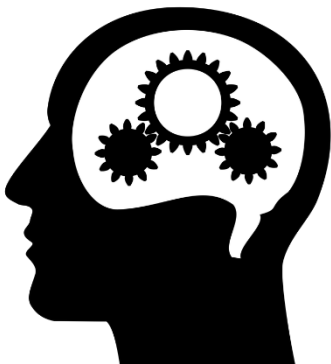
Shakespeare's plays became very popular in England where he also played an actor. He and other men performed in a theatre called the "Theatre." In 1597, the owner of the theatre locked the doors and refused to let the men perform their plays. The actors tried to negotiate with the owner but there was no hope. The men did not let the closing of the theatre stop them. They built a new theatre across the river and named it the Globe Theatre. The Globe Theatre became very popular and helped to make William a wealthy man. A few years before his death the Globe Theatre burnt down and had to be rebuilt.

Question

Explain the meaning of the quote at the top of the page.

Question

Shakespeare wrote at least...



> n r f > < v o ^ o o
r l j < v r o n r v
l r c o > r o o

Clue # 4

Hint: ⇨ then ↓

“I had no idea that history was being made. I was just tired of giving up.”

Rosa Parks was born on February 4, 1913 in Tuskegee, Alabama. She is best known for being a civil rights activist and the Montgomery Bus Boycott.

Education was important to Rosa and she wanted to get her high school diploma. Unfortunately, Rosa left school at 16 to care for her dying grandmother and sick mother. Years later, after working two jobs, Rosa earned her high school diploma and met her husband. Growing up, Rosa dealt with racism. The South was segregated which meant that there were separate facilities for Blacks and Whites. Although never equal, Blacks had separate schools, libraries, restaurants, water fountains and churches.

After a long workday in 1955, Rosa took the bus home like usual. The seats quickly filled up and the bus driver told Rosa that she had to let a white man sit in her seat. Rosa refused to give up her seat and the bus driver called the police. Rosa was arrested and fined ten dollars. She was charged with breaking segregation laws in Montgomery, Alabama. African American leaders, including Martin Luther King Jr., decided to boycott the city bus system even though it meant walking to work.

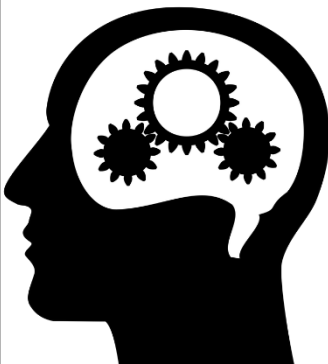
Question

How much was Rosa fined for refusing to give up her seat?

- A. Five dollars
- B. Ten dollars
- C. Twenty dollars
- D. Fifty dollars

Question

The Montgomery Bus Boycott lasted...



1432243131 32343311243111
314222321415 433331 11411554

4 Digit Code

First number of code :

The number of plays Shakespeare wrote MINUS 30.

Second number of code :

The number of days the Montgomery Bus Boycott lasted MINUS 380.

Third number of code :

What number is represented by “. . . _ _ ” ?

Last number of code :

What number is the letter “O” in clue #1?

1. How many children did Shakespeare have?

- A. None
- B. One
- C. Two
- D. Three

4. Who did Roosevelt replace as president?

- A. William McKinley
- B. Grover Cleveland
- C. John F. Kennedy
- D. John Quincy Adams

2. Who gave Oprah the title of “Most Influential Woman”?

- A. Time Magazine
- B. Life Magazine
- C. Forbes Magazine
- D. Reader’s Digest

5. Where did the bus boycott take place?

- A. New York, New York
- B. Nashville, Tennessee
- C. Montgomery, Alabama
- D. Atlanta, Georgia

3. How old was Rosa when she first left school?

- A. 13
- B. 14
- C. 15
- D. 16

6. In what year was Oprah asked to host her own morning show?

- A. 1982
- B. 1983
- C. 1984
- D. 1985

A = 11

N = 15

B =

O =

C =

P =

D =

Q =

E =

R =

F = 22

S =

G =

T = 12

H = 9

U =

I =

V = 1

J =

W = 8

K =

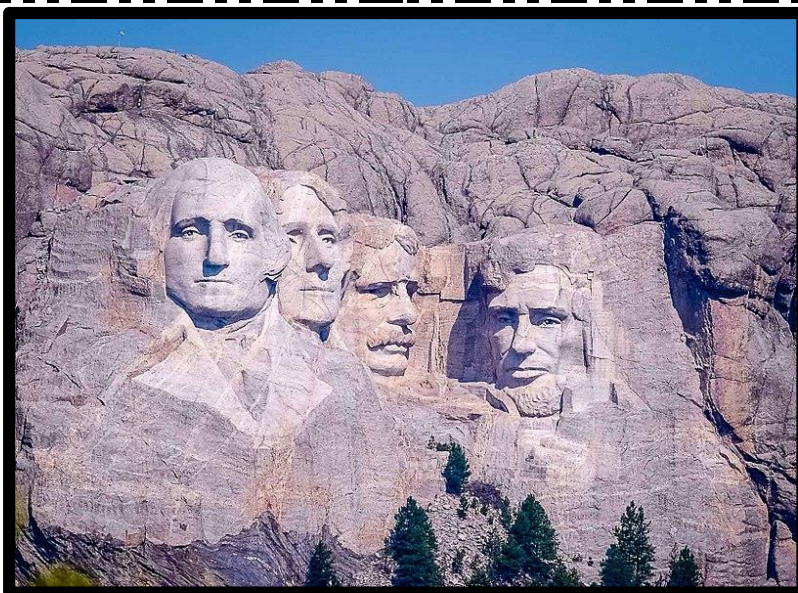
X =

L =

Y =

M =

Z =

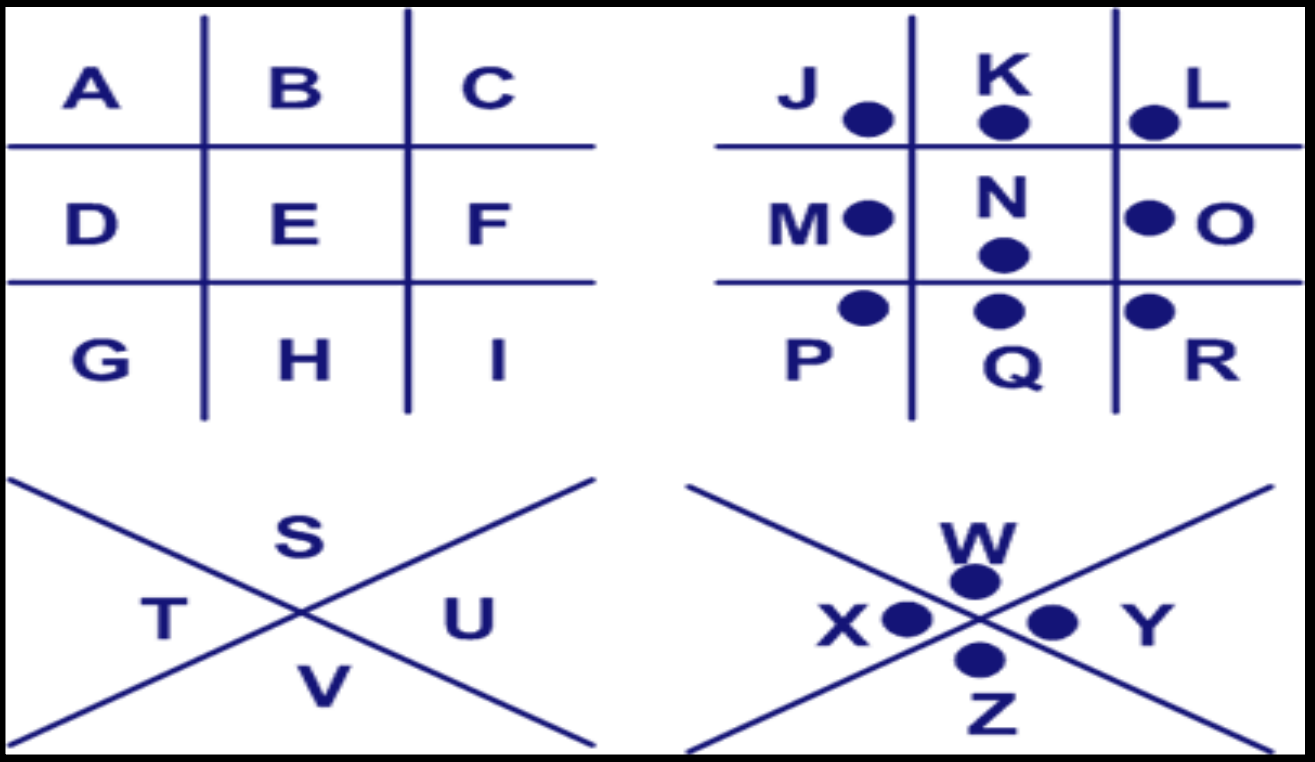




A ● —
 B — ● ● ●
 C — ● — ●
 D — ● ●
 E ●
 F ● ● — ●
 G — — ●
 H ● ● ● ●
 I ● ●
 J ● — — —
 K — ● —
 L ● — ● ●
 M — —
 N — ●
 O — — —
 P ● — — ●
 Q — — ● —
 R ● — ●
 S ● ● ●
 T —

U ● ● —
 V ● ● ● —
 W ● — —
 X — ● ● —
 Y — ● — —
 Z — — ● ●

1 ● — — —
 2 ● ● — —
 3 ● ● ● —
 4 ● ● ● ● —
 5 ● ● ● ● ●
 6 — ● ● ● ●
 7 — — ● ● ●
 8 — — — ● ●
 9 — — — — ●
 0 — — — — —





	1	2	3	4	5
1	D	B	E		C
2	K		H	I/J	F
3		P	N	O	M
4	T	R		Q	S
5		Z	X	V	W

Clue # 1 Answer

“The greatest discovery of all time is that a person can change his future by merely changing his attitude.”

Oprah Winfrey was born on January 29, 1954 in Kosciusko, Mississippi. Oprah is best known for being a TV host, producer, actress and entrepreneur.

She did not always have an easy life. She was often shuffled around between her mother and grandmother’s house leaving her to feel unwanted. She lived a life in poverty and suffered from abuse. At fourteen, she moved to Tennessee where her father helped her focus on school. Although her father was very strict, he provided her with guidance and structure. Oprah had determination and continued to move forward.

At the young age of twenty two, Oprah was hired by a Maryland news station but things didn’t go well. She was fired because she was “unfit for television.” In 1985, a Chicago TV station asked her to host her own morning show which brought her nationwide success.

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Question

- Oprah grew up in poverty. What does poverty mean?
- A. A state of wealth that provides for the family
 - B. Not enough money for basic needs like food and water**
 - C. Determination to excel in education and attend college
 - D. Donations to a charity to help young girls

Question

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
11	17	19	13	16	22	23	9	14	5	21	2	3	15	4	24	7	25	26	12	6	1	8	10	20	18

T H E O P R A H W I N F R E Y S H O W
12 9 16 4 24 25 11 9 8 14 15 22 25 16 20 26 9 4 8

A I R E D F O R T W E N T Y F I V E
11 14 25 16 13 22 4 25 12 8 16 15 12 20 22 14 1 16

S E A S O N S
26 16 11 26 4 15 26

Clue # 2 Answer

“Nothing worth having was ever achieved without effort.”

Theodore Roosevelt was born on October 27, 1858 in New York, New York. He is best known for being the 26th U.S. president, a writer and a soldier.

Teddy Roosevelt was born into a wealthy family and was educated by private tutors. As a child, he suffered from asthma and eyesight problems which continued into adulthood. Doctors also discovered that he had a weak heart as a young boy.

In 1884, both his mother and his wife died on the same day. He was devastated and moved to the countryside for a few years. He battled depression but overcame his struggles. In 1886, he campaigned to be the mayor of New York City but he was easily defeated. Roosevelt was determined to continue on with his career path and the election loss led him to work even harder.

In 1901, at age 42, Teddy Roosevelt became president after President William McKinley was assassinated. As president he negotiated the construction of the Panama Canal. He loved the outdoors and was passionate about protecting nature. In 1906, he signed the National Monuments Act which protected the Grand Canyon, wildlife and national forests. As a tribute, his face was carved into Mount Rushmore.

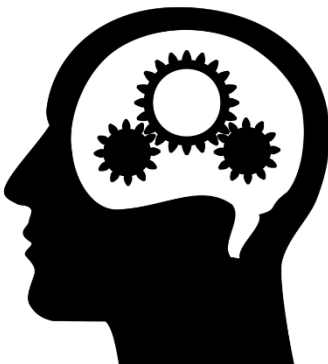
Question

What led Roosevelt to move to the countryside?

- A. He could not afford to live in the city
- B. He lost the presidential election
- C. The death of his child

D. The death of his wife and mother

Question



**Roosevelt
had six
children**

Clue # 3 Answer

“We know what we are but know not what we may be.”

William Shakespeare was born in England in 1564. He is best known for his work as a writer, playwright, poet and actor. His most popular plays are Romeo and Juliet, Hamlet and Macbeth.

William had three younger brothers and two older sisters. When he was eighteen, William married Anne Hathaway. Sadly, one of his three children passed away at age eleven.

Shakespeare's plays became very popular in England where he also played an actor. He and other men performed in a theatre called the “Theatre.” In 1597, the owner of the theatre locked the doors and refused to let the men perform their plays. The actors tried to negotiate with the owner but there was no hope. The men did not let the closing of the theatre stop them. They built a new theatre across the river and named it the Globe Theatre. The Globe Theatre became very popular and helped to make William a wealthy man. A few years before his death the Globe Theatre burnt down and had to be rebuilt.

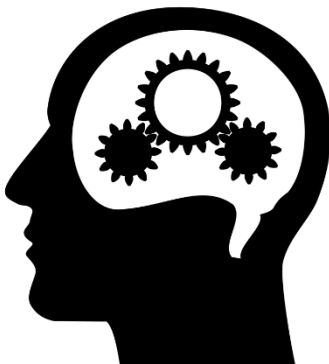
Question

Explain the meaning of the quote at the top of the page.

Answers will vary.

Question

Shakespeare wrote at least...



thirty seven
plays in his
lifetime

Clue # 4 Answer

Hint: ⇨ then ↓

“I had no idea that history was being made. I was just tired of giving up.”

Rosa Parks was born on February 4, 1913 in Tuskegee, Alabama. She is best known for being a civil rights activist and the Montgomery Bus Boycott.

Education was important to Rosa and she wanted to get her high school diploma. Unfortunately, Rosa left school at 16 to care for her dying grandmother and sick mother. Years later, after working two jobs, Rosa earned her high school diploma and met her husband. Growing up, Rosa dealt with racism. The South was segregated which meant that there were separate facilities for Blacks and whites. Although never equal, Blacks had separate schools, libraries, restaurants, water fountains and churches.

After a long workday in 1955, Rosa took the bus home like usual. The seats quickly filled up and the bus driver told Rosa that she had to let a white man sit in her seat. Rosa refused to give up her seat and the bus driver called the police. Rosa was arrested and fined ten dollars. She was charged with breaking segregation laws in Montgomery, Alabama. African American leaders, including Martin Luther King Jr., decided to boycott the city bus system even though it meant walking to work.

Question

How much was Rosa fined for refusing to give up her seat?

- A. Five dollars
- B. Ten dollars
- C. Twenty dollars
- D. Fifty dollars

Question

	1	2	3	4	5
1	D	B	E	A	C
2	K	G	H	I/ J	F
3	L	P	N	O	M
4	T	R	U	Q	S
5	Y	Z	X	V	W

The Montgomery Bus Boycott lasted...

**three hundred
eighty one days**

4 Digit Code Answer

First number of code :

The number of plays Shakespeare wrote MINUS 30.

(found in clue #3) $37-30=7$

_____7_____

Second number of code :

The number of days the Montgomery Bus Boycott lasted MINUS 380.

(found in clue # 4) $381-380=1$

_____1_____

Third number of code :

What number is represented by “...__”?

_____3_____

Last number of code :

What number is the letter “O” in clue #1?

_____4_____

1. How many children did Shakespeare have?

- A. None
- B. One
- C. Two
- D. Three

4. Who did Roosevelt replace as president?

- A. William McKinley
- B. Grover Cleveland
- C. John F. Kennedy
- D. John Quincy Adams

2. Who gave Oprah the title of “Most Influential Woman”?

- A. Time Magazine
- B. Life Magazine
- C. Forbes Magazine
- D. Reader’s Digest

5. Where did the bus boycott take place?

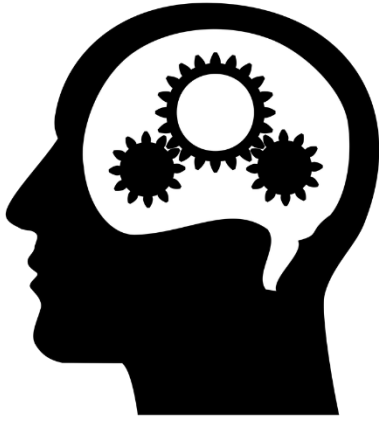
- A. New York, New York
- B. Nashville, Tennessee
- C. Montgomery, Alabama
- D. Atlanta, Georgia

3. How old was Rosa when she first left school?

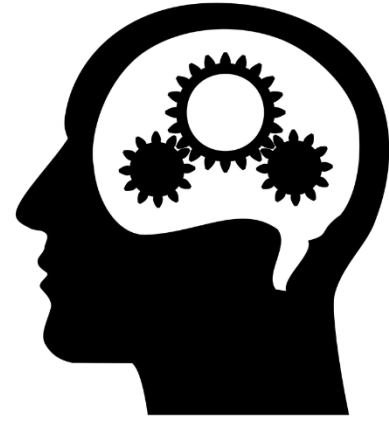
- A. 13
- B. 14
- C. 15
- D. 16

6. In what year was Oprah asked to host her own morning show?

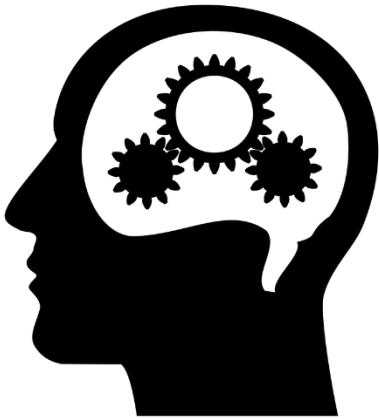
- A. 1982
- B. 1983
- C. 1984
- D. 1985



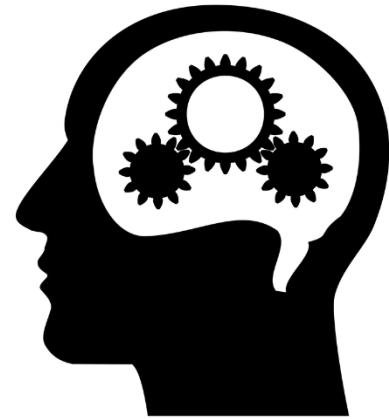
survived the
Growth Mindset
Escape Room!



survived the
Growth Mindset
Escape Room!



survived the
Growth Mindset
Escape Room!



survived the
Growth Mindset
Escape Room!

A = 11

N = 15

B =

O =

C =

P =

D =

Q =

E =

R =

F = 22

S =

G =

T = 12

H = 9

U =

I =

V = 1

J =

W = 8

K =

X =

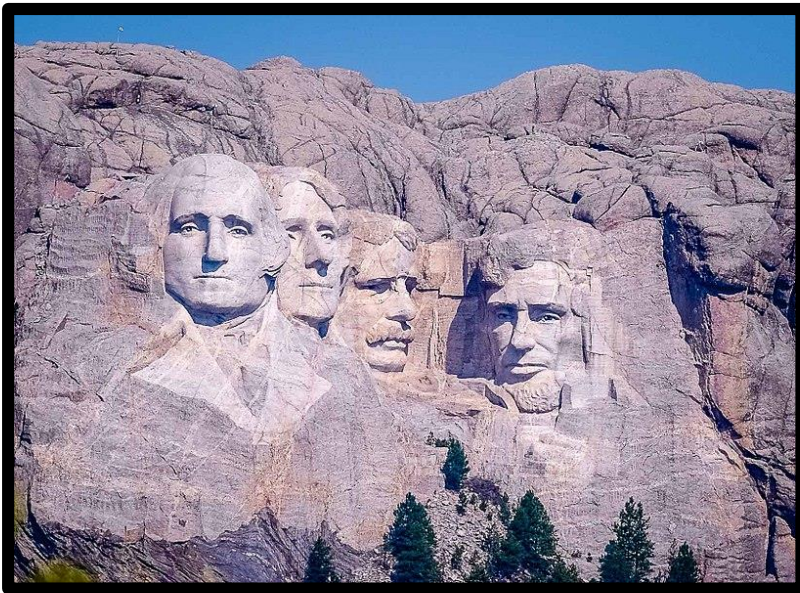
L =

Y =

M =

Z =

Clue # 1



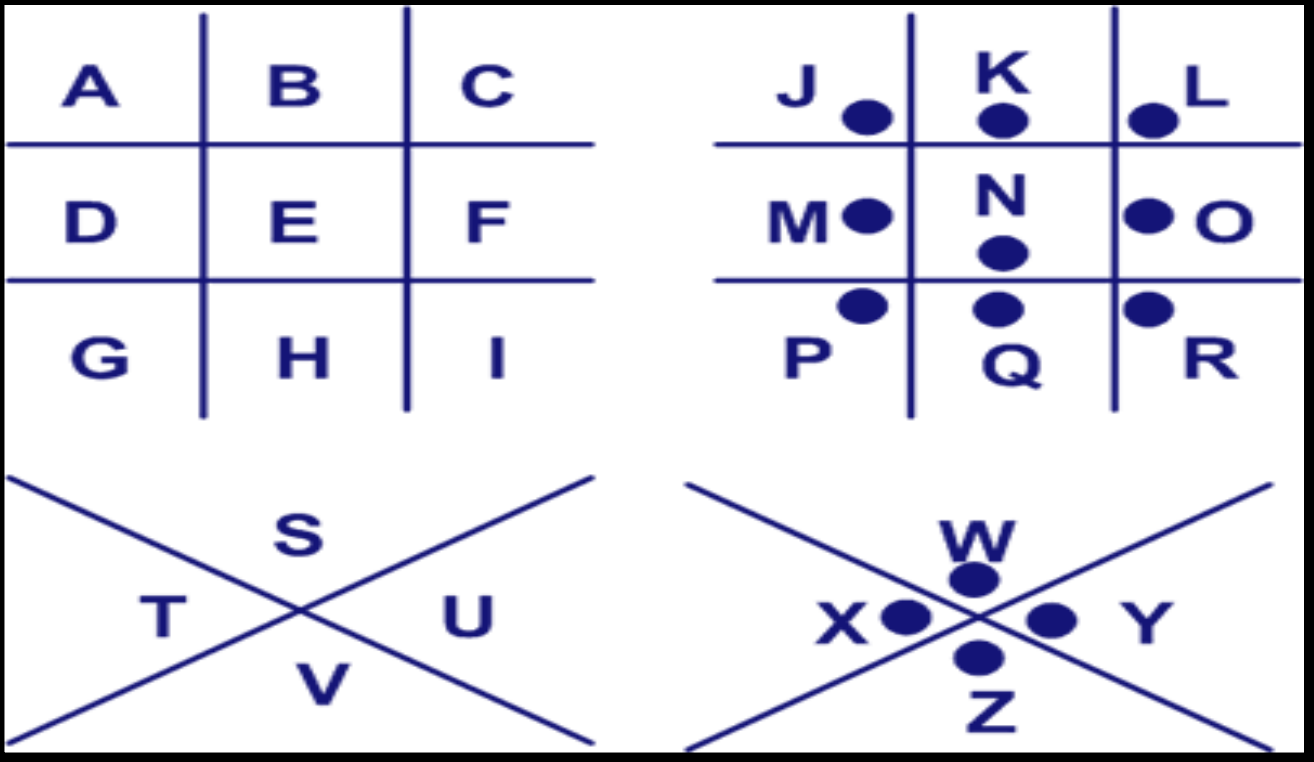
Clue # 2



A ● ■
B ■ ● ● ●
C ■ ● ■ ●
D ■ ● ●
E ●
F ● ● ■ ●
G ■ ■ ●
H ● ● ● ●
I ● ●
J ● ■ ■ ■
K ■ ● ■
L ● ■ ● ●
M ■ ■
N ■ ●
O ■ ■ ■
P ● ■ ■ ●
Q ■ ■ ● ■
R ● ■ ●
S ● ● ●
T ■

U ● ● ■
V ● ● ● ■
W ● ■ ■
X ■ ● ● ■
Y ■ ● ■ ■
Z ■ ■ ● ●

1 ● ■ ■ ■ ■
2 ● ● ■ ■ ■
3 ● ● ● ■ ■
4 ● ● ● ● ■
5 ● ● ● ● ●
6 ■ ● ● ● ●
7 ■ ■ ● ● ●
8 ■ ■ ■ ● ●
9 ■ ■ ■ ■ ●
0 ■ ■ ■ ■ ■



Clue # 3



Clue # 4



	1	2	3	4	5
1	D	B	E		C
2	K		H	I/J	F
3		P	N	O	M
4	T	R		Q	S
5		Z	X	V	W

How to decode a cryptogram (clue #1)

BASIC SOLVING TECHNIQUES:

Fill in as many letters as you can. Once you determine a letter, you can use that letter over for every entry. For example: If you know the word is "THE" and the "H" is represented by the number 22, then every number 22 will be an "H".

- Scan through the cryptogram looking for single-letter words. They're almost always an *A* or *I*.
- Scan the numbers: The most frequent number is probably *E*. It could also be *T*, *A*, or *O*.
- Pencil in your guesses. Be prepared to erase and change your guesses!
- Look for apostrophes. They're usually followed by *D*, *S*, *T*, *M*, *RE* or *LL*.
- Look for a repeating pattern. They may be common letter groups, such as *SH*, *TH*, *RE*, *CH*, *TR*, *ING* or *ION*.
- Try to decode shorter words first.
 - The most common two-letter words are *OF*, *TO*, *IN*, *IS*, and *IT*.
 - The most common three-letter words are *THE*, *AND*, *FOR*, *WAS* and *HIS*.
 - The most common four-letter word is *THAT*.

**Just enough letters will be given for students to determine letters in other words 😊

How to read a PigPen Cipher (clue #3)

A PigPen Cipher is a simple substitution cipher. There are 26 symbols, one for each letter of the alphabet. If you break it down, the letters below are represented by the corresponding symbol.

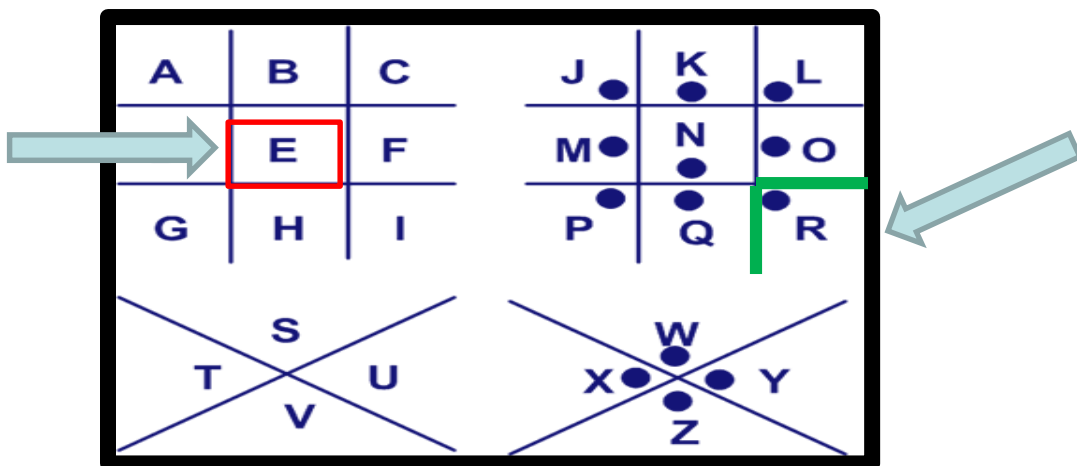
A=┘ B=┐ C=┌ D=└ E=◻ F=◻ G=└ H=┐ I=┘
 J=┘ K=┐ L=┌ M=└ N=◻ O=◻ P=└ Q=┐ R=┘
 S=∨ T=➤ U=➤ V=∧ W=∨ X=➤ Y=➤ Z=∧

Example #1:

The letter “E” would be found as the symbol in the red box below. The “E” is found in the middle so it is the symbol of a square.

Example # 2:

The letter “R” would be represented by the symbol in green found below. The letter “R” has a line above it and to the left of it with a dot in between the two lines.



How to read a Polybius Cipher

Polybius cipher, or Polybius Square, consists of replacing each letter of the alphabet by its coordinates, or position, on a grid (usually a square).

Step 1: Replace the missing letters reading across. You can see the “C” is missing in line 1 (row 1).

Step 2: Each letter is represented by **TWO** numbers. The first number indicates the number across the TOP (RIGHT). The second number indicates the number on the left column (DOWN).

Example # 1: The letter “C” would be 51. Go across the top to the 5, then down 1.

Example # 2: The letter “R” would be represented by the number 24. Go across the top to 2 and down to the 4.

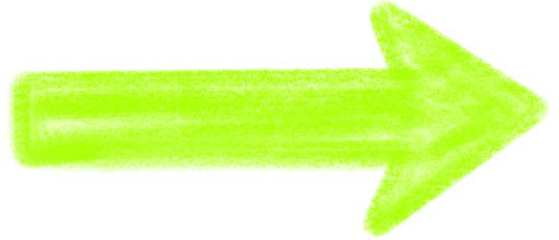
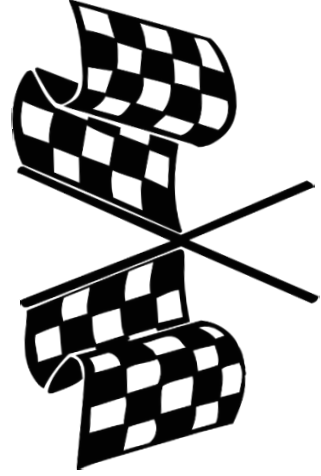
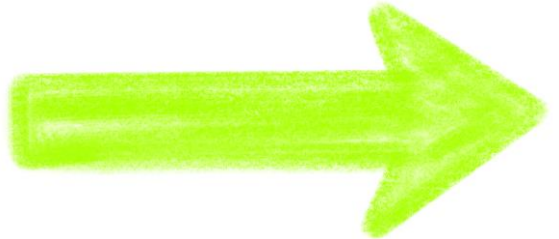
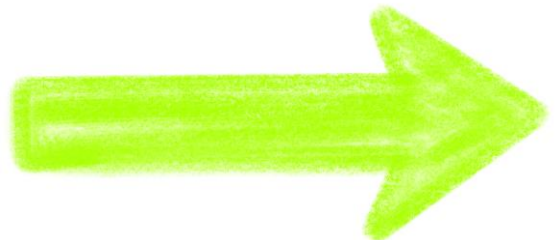
Scrambled: Each row contains 5 letters of the alphabet in a scrambled order. Line 1 is letters A-E, Line 2 is letters F-K and so on. The missing letters are in bold and blue.

	1	2	3	4	5
1	D	B	E	A	C
2	K	G	H	I/ J	F
3	L	P	N	O	M
4	T	R	U	Q	S
5	Y	Z	X	V	W

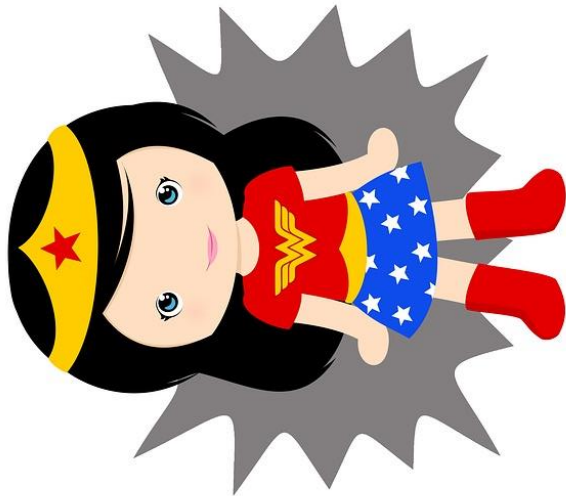
I Survived

the

Escape Room



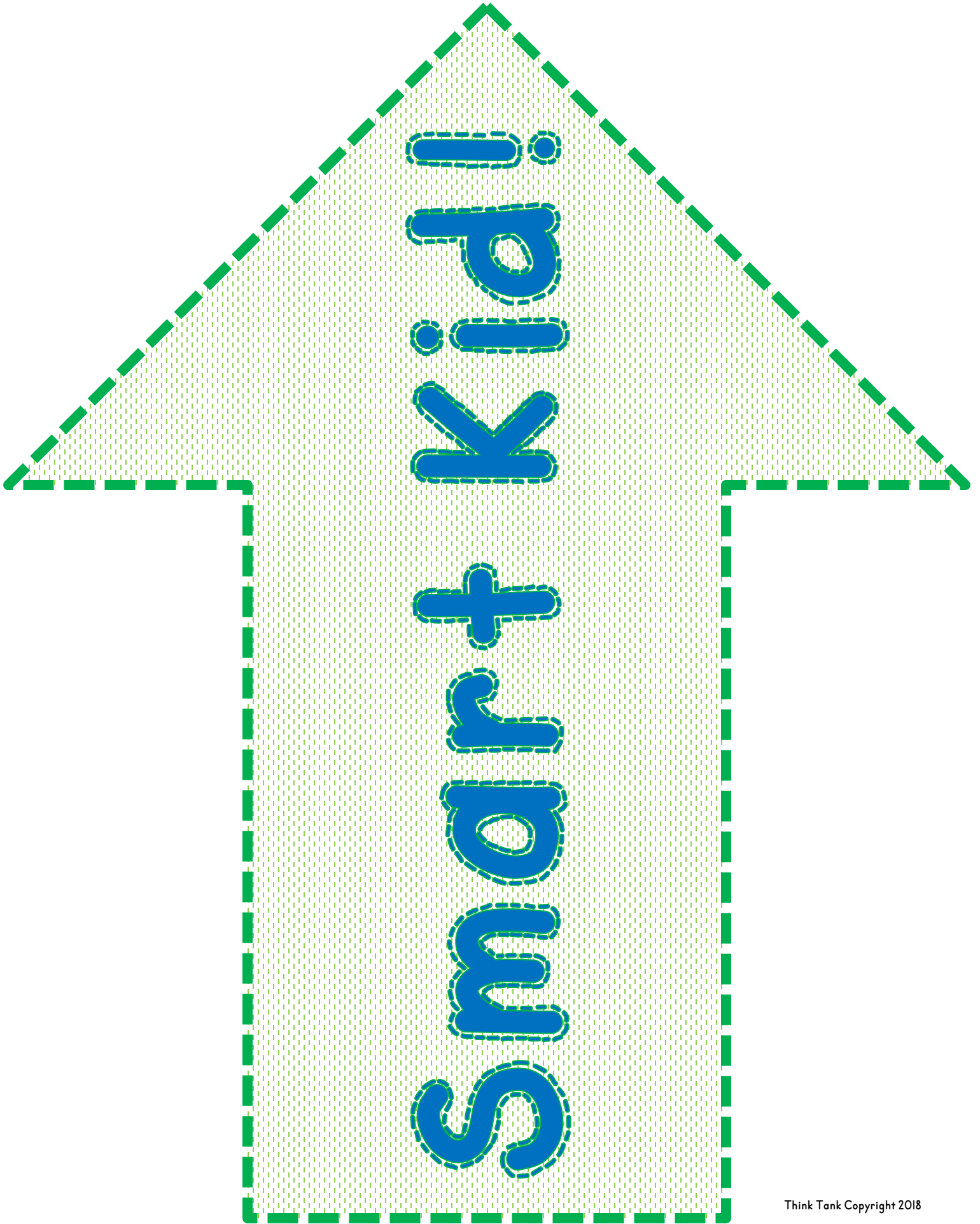
She did



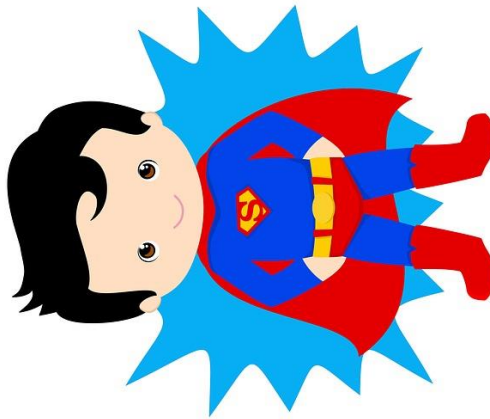
ALL

ee

the work!



He did



AAA

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the work!

GENIUS!



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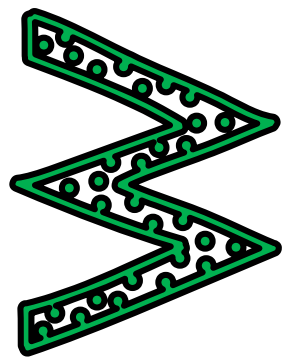
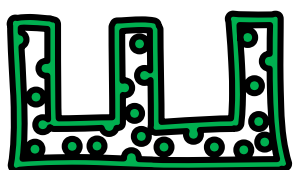
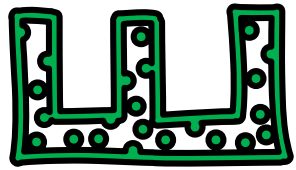
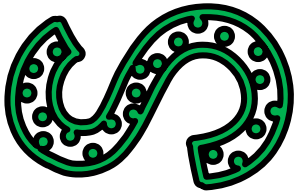
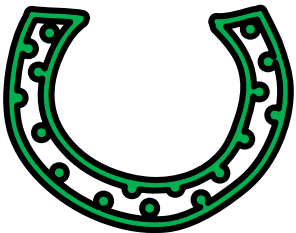
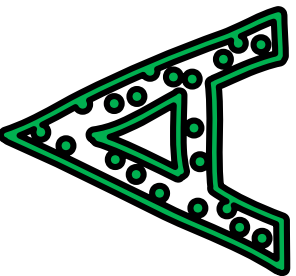
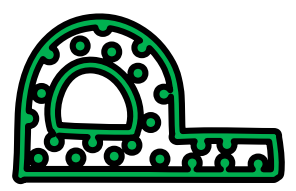
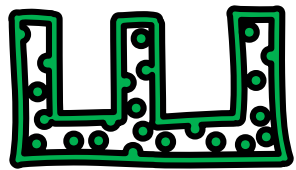
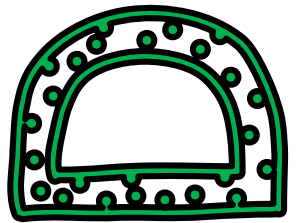
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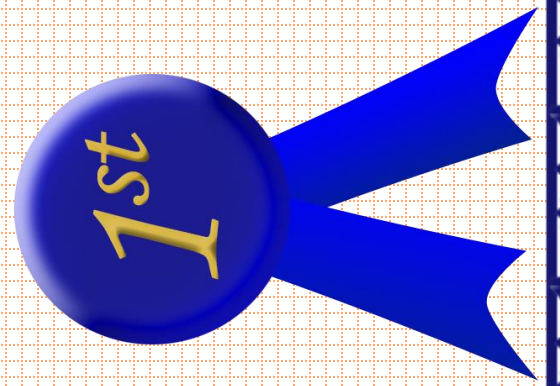
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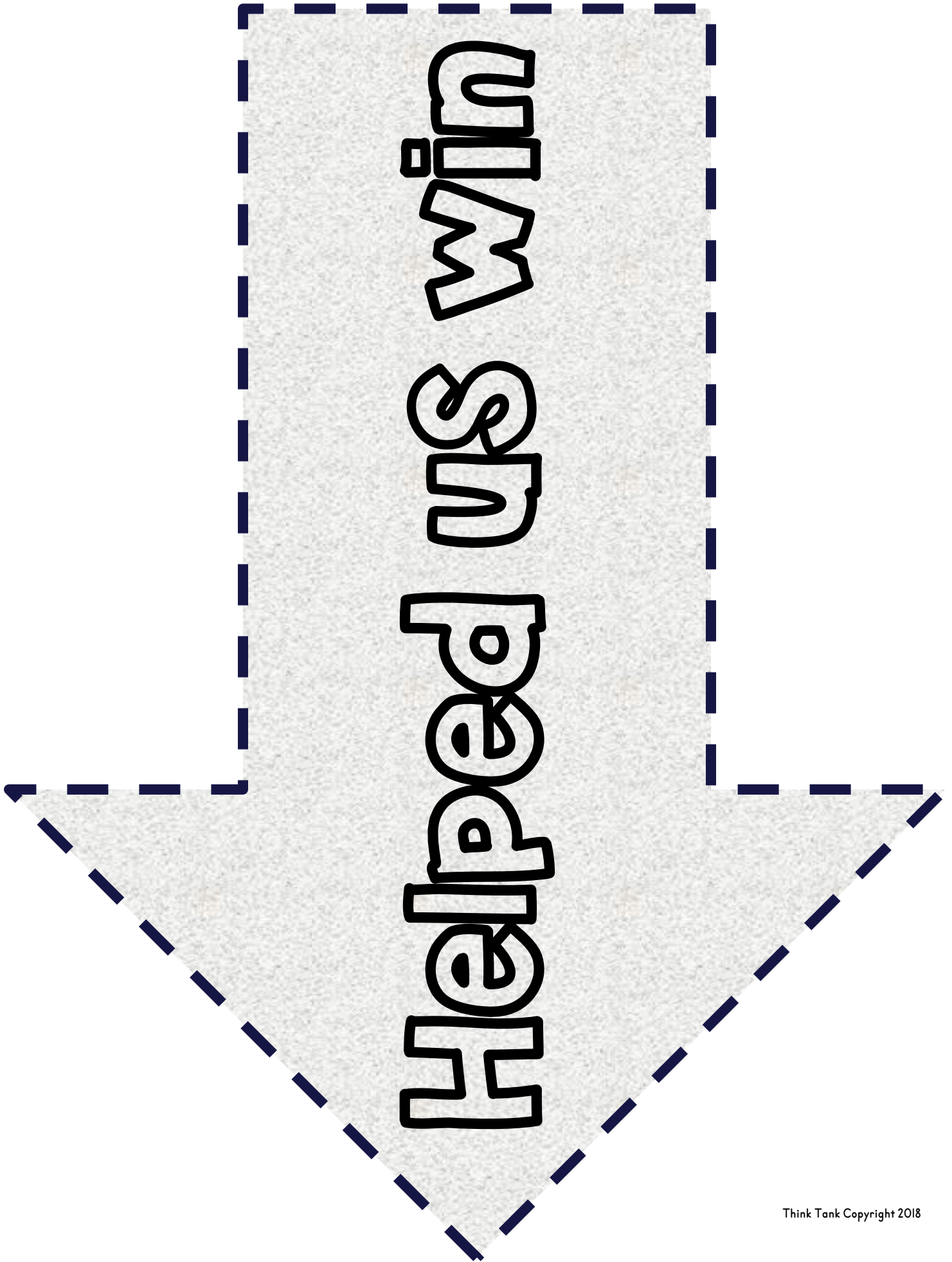


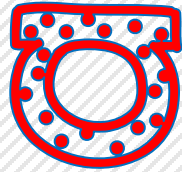
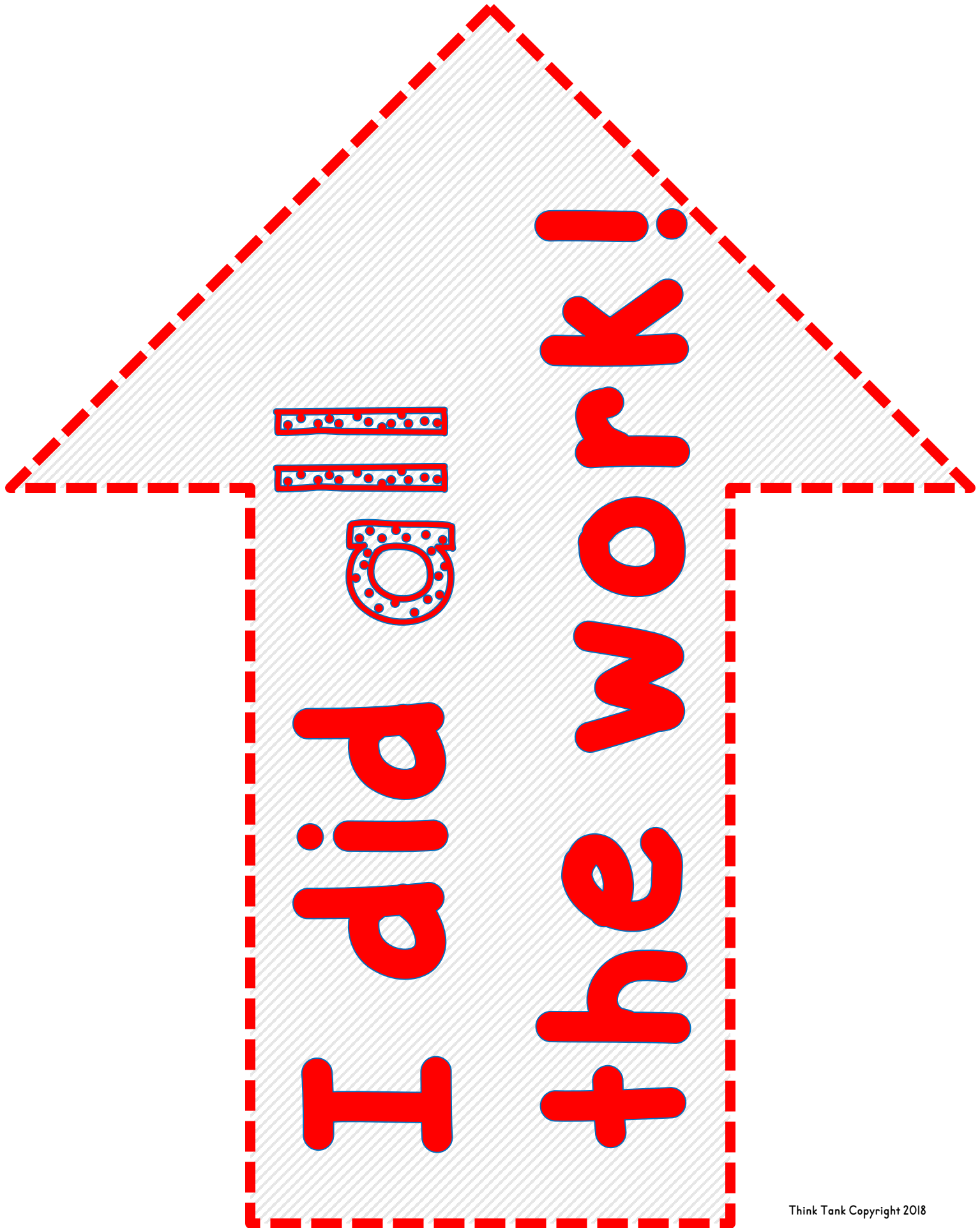
I, m, t, h, e

smartest!

MissiOin
COmpIete



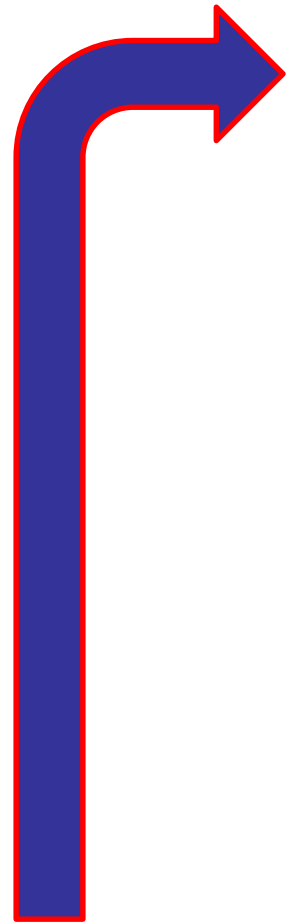
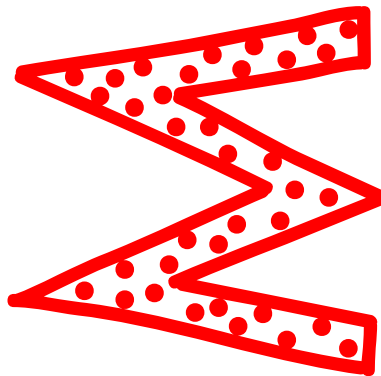
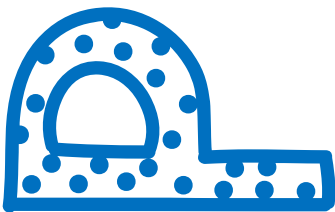
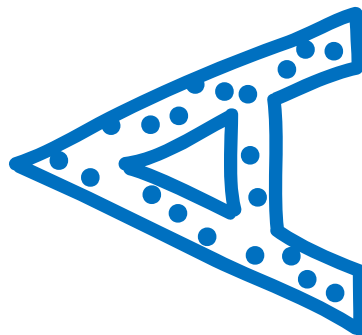
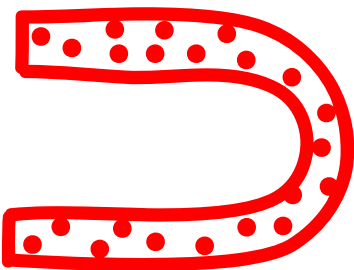
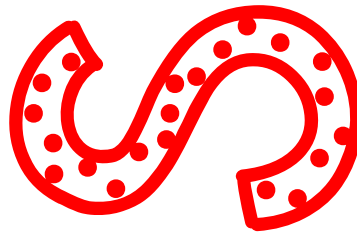
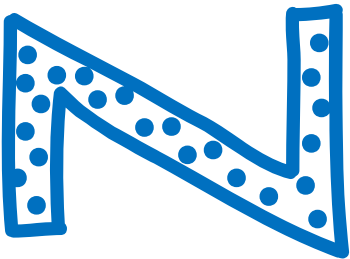
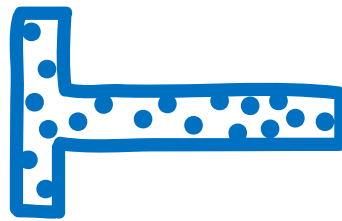
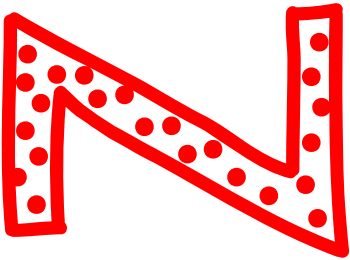
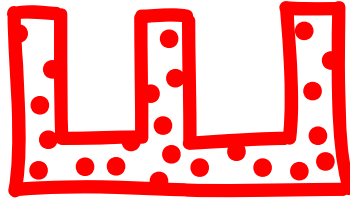
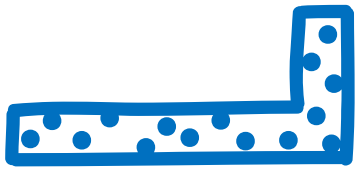
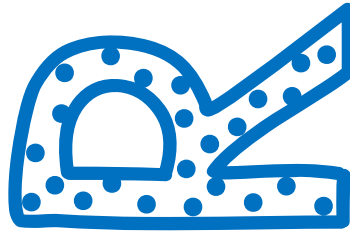
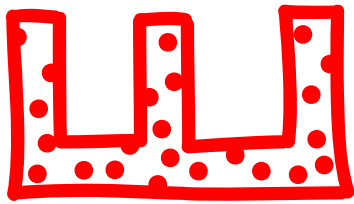




I did

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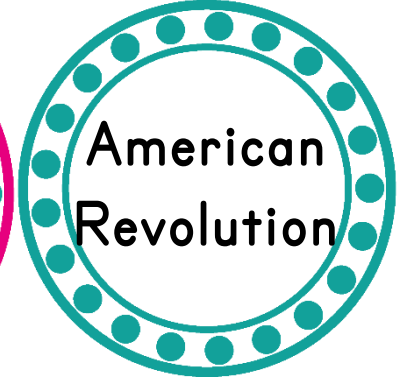
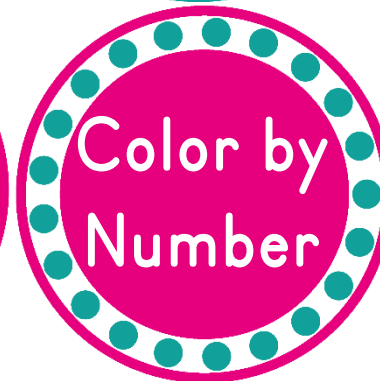
work!



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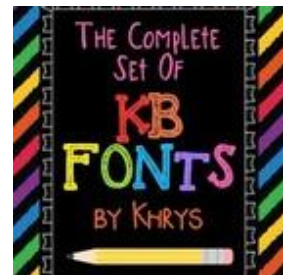
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